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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.			
	09/856,022 05/16/2001		Guy Barre	TS 5549 US	2253			
	75	590 03/07/2005	EXAMINER					
Richard F Lemuth				GRIFFIN, WALTER DEAN				
Shell Oil Company								
	P O Box 2463			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
	Houston, TX	77252-2463	1764					

DATE MAILED: 03/07/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)					
		09/856,02	22	BARRE ET AL.					
٠	Office Action Summary	Examine	•	Art Unit					
		Walter D.	Griffin	1764					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>24 January 2005</u> .								
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is n	on-final.						
3) 🗌	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	4) Claim(s) 1,3,5-10 and 14-44 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,3,5-10 and 14-44 is/are rejected.								
Applicati	on Papers		·						
9) 🗌 .	The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.							
-	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
Attachment	c(s)								
2) Notic 3) Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SI r No(s)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te	O-152)				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Art Unit: 1764

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 24, 2005 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

The rejections described in the office action mailed on November 19, 2004 have been withdrawn in view of the amendment filed on January 24. 2005. The prior art applied in those rejections does not disclose or suggest the claimed feed. Accordingly, arguments concerning these rejections are most and will not be addressed.

A new rejection follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1, 3, 5-10, and 14-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 113381 to Banta et al. in view of WO 98/01515 to Moureaux and US Patent 4,376,036 to Garwood et al.

The Banta reference discloses a process for the simultaneous dewaxing and desulfurization of heavy petroleum oils. The process comprises contacting the heavy oil, which has not been previously hydrotreated, and hydrogen with a catalyst at dewaxing and desulfurization conditions. The heavy oil may be a vacuum residual fraction or distillate boiling above 350°C and containing from 1 to 5% sulfur. The examples disclose the treatment of feeds that contain nitrogen amounts within the claimed range. The catalyst comprises a support such as silica, a ZSM-5 component (i.e., an MFI type zeolite), and a Group VIII metal component (e.g., nickel or palladium). A Group VI metal and alumina are not required in the catalyst. The ZSM-5 component has a silica to alumina ratio above 12 and a constraint index from 1 to 12. Process

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conditions include temperatures ranging from 315° to 455°C, pressures ranging from 3500 to

21000 kPa, and space velocities ranging from 0.1 to 5.0 LHSV. See the first paragraph on page

1; the first three complete paragraphs on page 2; pages 3-5; and the examples.

The Banta reference does not disclose that the feed is obtained by vacuum distillation of the residue of an atmospheric distillation of a crude petroleum feedstock, does not disclose that the zeolite is dealuminated, and does not disclose that the feed is a solvent extracted waxy raffinate obtained by solvent extraction of a vacuum distillate.

The Moureaux reference discloses a dewaxing catalyst that comprises a dealuminated ZSM-5 zeolite, Group VIII metal, and a silica binder. The dealumination of the zeolite can be achieved by methods disclosed in European patent specification 96921992.2 (EP 0832171 B1). These methods include treatment of zeolite and binder extrudates with an aqueous solution of a fluorosilicate salt. See page 9, lines 30-35; page 10, lines 1-3;m page 11, lines 9-18 and 30-35; page 14, lines 4-31; page 15; lines 17-35; page 16, lines 1-5; page 21, lines 20 and 21; and page 22, lines 1-11.

The Garwood reference discloses that feeds to dewaxing processes are typically produced by vacuum distilling an atmospheric tower residuum and then solvent extracting the resulting raw stock. See column 2, lines 8-17.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the process of Banta by obtaining the feed by vacuum distilling the residue of an atmospheric distillation and then solvent extracting the resulting raw stock as suggested by Garwood because such a feed has the appropriate boiling range for the preparation of the desired products of Banta.

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It also would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the process of Banta by utilizing a catalyst containing a dealuminated zeolite produced in the manner disclosed by Moureaux because such a catalyst has dewaxing activity and this activity is essential in the process of Banta.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Walter D. Griffin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1447. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 6:30 to 4:00 with alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Walt D. Duff Walter D. Griffin **Primary Examiner**

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WG

March 4, 2005